Occupational Wage Survey

JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

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Introduction 1/

The Jacksonville area is 1 of 40 major labor markets in which the Bureau of Labor Statistics is currently conducting occupational wage surveys. Occupations common to a variety of manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries were studied on a community-wide basis. Cross-industry methods of sampling were thus utilized incompiling earnings data for the following types of occupations: (a) office; (b) professional and technical; (c) maintenance and power plant; (d) custodial, warehousing, and shipping. In presenting earnings information for such jobs (tables A-1 through A-4) separate data have been provided wherever possible for individual broad industry divisions.

Occupations characteristic of particular, important, local industries were studied on an industry basis, within the framework of the community survey. 2/ Earnings data for these jobs have been presented in Series B tables. Union scales (Series C tables) are presented in lieu of (or supplementing) occupational earnings for several industries or trades in which the great majority of the workers are employed under terms of collective-bargaining agreements, and the contract or minimum rates are indicative of prevailing pay practices.

Data were collected and summarized on shift operations and differentials, hours of work, and supplementary benefits such as vacation and sick leave allowances, paid holidays, non-production bonuses, and insurance and pension plans.

The Jacksonville Metropolitan Area

The Jacksonville Metropolitan Area, entirely in Duval County, had a total population of 302,711 persons in 1950. Of these, approximately two-thirds resided within the city limits of Jacksonville.

Jacksonville is the leading transportation, industrial, and distribution center of the State. Four major airlines, four prominent railroad systems, and a network of modern highways connect the city with all parts of the Nation. Commercial harbor and shipbuilding activities are extensive, and both sea and air naval facilities are an integral part of the area's economy.

l/ Prepared in the Bureau's regional office in Atlanta, Ga., by Louis B. Woytych under the direction of Harry H. Hall, Regional Wage and Industrial Relations Analyst. The planning and central direction of the program was carried on in the Bureau's Division of Wages and Industrial Relations.

2/ See appendix for discussion of scope and method of survey.

Nonagricultural wage and salary workers in the Jacksonville Metropolitan Area totaled 106,150 during May 1952. 3/0f this number, approximately 18,000 were engaged in manufacturing pursuits with manufacturers of transportation equipment accounting for about 3,650 workers. Food and kindred products plants employed another 2,750 persons and lumber and wood products companies had 1,650 on their payrolls. Chemical and printing and publishing firms employed 1,350 and 1,200 workers, respectively.

Among the major nonmanufacturing industry groups studied, retail trade establishments led in employment with almost 21,000 persons. Approximately 14,600 workers were employed by transportation (including railroads), communication, and other public utility establishments at the time of the survey. Wholesale trade and service firms each employed about 11,000 persons, and finance, insurance, and real estate firms employed 6.000.

Among the industries and establishment-size groups studied by the Bureau, unionization was almost wholly confined to the manufacturing and transportation, communication, and public utility groups. Approximately three-fourths of all public utility plant and office employees were working under terms of labor-management agreements, and five-eighths of all manufacturing plant workers were in establishments having written agreements with labor organizations. There was considerably less unionization in the wholesale trade and service groups and none was reported in retail trade or finance establishments.

Occupational Wage Structure

Extensive general wage adjustments were made by Jacksonville establishments between January 1950, the base period for the Wage Stabilization Board's 10-percent "catch-up" wage increase formula, and the time of the survey. Few wage changes were effected prior to the outbreak of hostilities in Korea, but became more numerous thereafter. About nine-tenths of the manufacturing and public utility plant workers, one-half of wholesale trade nonoffice employees, and almost one-fifth of the plant workers in services industries were granted wage increases between July 1950 and May 1952. Less than 2 percent of the plant employees in other nonmanufacturing establishments received general wage increases. Formal wage increases for office workers also were extensive, with more than half of these employees in all industries affected. Increases were generally higher in manufacturing firms, commonly ranging from 8 to 18 cents an hour, whereas a majority of increases among nonmanufacturing establishments ranged from 5 to 12 cents.

^{2/} Labor Market Trends, July 1952, Florida State Employment Service, Jacksonville, Florida.

Minimum entrance rates for inexperienced plant workers were established by virtually all Jacksonville firms within the scope of the survey. Although minimum entrance rates among all industries ranged from 24 cents an hour to \$1.41, few rates below 75 cents were reported in manufacturing and wholesale trade firms, and none in public utility companies; a large majority of both retail trade and service employees, however, were employed by companies with established hourly minima below 75 cents.

Salaries of office workers were higher in nonmanufacturing industries than in manufacturing for a majority of comparable jobs studied. In 8 of 15 office job classifications, salaries of workers in nonmanufacturing establishments were higher. This situation was reversed for plant occupations where, in 12 of 15 comparable jobs, manufacturing plant workers received higher rates than those in nonmanufacturing.

More than a fourth of the manufacturing plant workers in the Jacksonville area were employed on extra shifts. Almost half of the second-shift workers and more than a third of the workers on third shifts were paid shift differentials, expressed as cents-per-hour additions to day rates. Second-shift premiums ranged from 5 to 10 cents an hour-with 8 cents the most frequent amount paid. Third-shift differentials also ranged from 5 to 10 cents an hour.

The scheduled workweek was 40 hours for approximately three-fifths of the plant workers and more than half the women office workers in all Jacksonville industries. The workweek for public utility, wholesale trade, and retail trade groups was generally longer than for other broad industry groups studied. About a fourth of the public utility plant workers and more than a fifth of the retail trade plant employees worked in excess of 48 hours, and more than two-fifths of the plant workers in services industries had a scheduled workweek of 48 hours.

Virtually all Jacksonville office employees and almost two-thirds of the plant workers within scope of the survey received one or more paid holidays a year. Among most industry groups studied, five holidays were most common whereas the finance group granted more holidays than other industries, with more than a fifth of the workers receiving 13 holidays a year.

About a sixth of the plant workers in the manufacturing industries and in the transportation, communication, and public utilities group were employed in establishments which based their rates of first-level supervision on a fixed differential above rates earned by those supervised. These differentials took the form of a specified percentage, cents-per-hour, or a daily salary addition to the earnings of the most highly paid workers supervised. Such supervisory pay practices were negligible among establishments in other industry groups.

Table A-1: Office Occupations

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by industry division, May 1952)

		Avi	RAGE	194			acoust of			NUMB	ER OF	VORKE	RS REC	EIVING	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEE	KLY EA	RNINGS	OF-	12/16					199
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly	Weekly	\$ 25 00	\$ 27 FO	\$	\$	\$	8					_	-						8	18	8	S	8	
	workers	hours (Standard)	earnings	and under 27.50	30.00	32,50	35.00	37.50	37.50	40.00	42.50	45.00	47.50	50.00	52.50	55.00	57.50	60.00	62.50	65.00	67.50	70.0	75.00	80.00	85.00 90.00	90.
							22404	71.00	100000	46.0.7	45.00	81026	30.00	26.20	25.00	27.50	00.00	62.50	65.00	67.50	70.00	75.0	80.00	85.00	90,00	ov
Men																										
Billers, machine (billing machine)	16	41.0	38.50			2																				
Normanufacturing	16	41.0	38.50	-	-	2	-	6	-	6	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Bookkeepers, hand	3.00	12.										-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	33	40.5	65.50	-	-	-		-	-	h	-	2	1	8	5	2	11	9	3	15	14					
Normanufacturing	711	41.0	61.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	8	-	-	7	2		15	3	14	16	10	-	3
Wholesale trade	13	40.0	65.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	5	2	L	7	3	15	11	2 2	12	8	-	1 2
Retail trade	74 43 15	45.0	76.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	2	4	7	2	10	5	-	7	-		1
Bookkeeping-machine operators, class A	14	42.5	71.50									-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	2	8	-	-
Bookkeeping-machine operators, class B		100						-	-	-	-	**	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	1	6	-	-
	19	40.0	47.00	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	6	2	7	-	-		_		-						200
Clerks, accounting	206	40.0	55.50	-	-	-	-	2	5	20	2	0	11	00	10							-	-	-	-	-
MANULACTURING	22	40.0	54.00	-	-	-		-		2	1	-	2	23	12	26	12	6	6	9	11	13	2	7	-	-
Normanufacturing	184	40.0	55.50	-		-		2	5	18	î	9	9	16	41	26	8	7	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	
***************************************	12	40.0	54.00	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	2	1	41.	20	0	6	2	9	11	13	1	7	-	-
Clarks, general	98	40.0	58.50													1	300	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Manufacturing	26	40.0	55.00	-	-	-	**	2	2	3	1	-	6	7	22	8	8	2	9	2	13	11	1			
Normanufacturing	72	40.0	59.50			-	-	2	-	-	-	-	5	2	6	1	6		-	-	-	4	-	-	-	1
Public utilities *	15	38.5	55.00			-	-	-	2	3	1	-	1	5	16	7	2	2	9	2	13	7	1		-	ī
Wholesale trade	28	39.5	64.50	_	-				1	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	-	2	-	í	2	-	-		-
Retail trade	19	41.0	57.50	-	-		-		1	-		-	-	-	7 8	-	-	-	7	-	12	2	-	-	-	_
Clerks, order	104	100												-	0	6	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1
Nonmanufacturing	204	40.0	51.50	-	-	-	6	-	13	2	6	16	7	15	-	8	. 8	8			22				SHEET P	
Wholesale trade	91	40.5	50.50	-	-	-	6	-	13	2	6	13	7	15	-	6	7	7	-	-	13	-	2	-	-	-
		400)	22.00		1015	-	6	-	13		6	12	7	15	-	6	7	7	-	-	12	_	-	-		-
Clerks, payroll	28	42.0	52.00	-	-	-				8	1.	,							3.11						ALC: U	
manuracturing	12	39.5	52.50	-			-	-	-	2	1.	1	1	4	-	1	4	-	1	-	1	2	-	-	1	-
Normanufacturing	16	41.5	52.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	4	-	1	1.	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
Wholesale trade	13	42.0	49.00	-	-	-	-	-		6	-	-	-	4	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Office boys	72	39.5	37.00	1		07											,		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	19	40.0	37.50	-	-	21	7	8	11	6	12	1	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-					
Nonmanufacturing	53	39.0	37.00	1	-	14	6	1 7	8	1	5	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUDILIC DIVILITIES &	13	39.0	41.00	ī		1	0	2	2	5	7	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Wholesale trade	20	39.5	39.50	-	-	-	4	-	6	5	2	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1		-	
Finance **	18	39.0	31.50	-	-	13	2	3	-	2	5	-	-	-			-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Typists, class B	11	40.0	39.00							9							-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monmanufacturing	11	40.0	39.00		-	-	5	-	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-		-	_					
Women		40.0	37.00	-	-	-	5	-	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
			200				11111	131												1 1 1 1						
Hillers, machine (billing machine)	54	40.0	43.50	-	-	-	-	2	- 1	21	8	12		11					100	18.6			100	38/6		
Nonmanufacturing	50		44.00	-	-	-	-	2	-	18	7	12	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Wholesale trade	28	40.0	45.50	-	-		-	-	-	10	-	8	-	10	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
millers, machine (bookkeeping machine)	33	40.0	M-00			=		8	_				7								-	-		-	-	-
Normanufacturing	33		41.00	-	-	5	-	8	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
	9000000		1 18797 11	10000	9,94		1		-	2	-	2	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnote at end of table.

* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-1: Office Occupations - Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by Industry division, May 1952)

		Ave	RAGE							NUMBE	ER OF V	WORKER	S RECE	IVING	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEEF	KLY EAI	RNINGS	OF-						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly	Weekly	s 25.00	\$ 27.50	\$ 30.00	s 32.50	\$ 35.00	s 37.50	\$ 40.00	\$ 42.50	\$ 45.00	\$ 47.50	\$ 50.00	\$ 52.50	55.00	\$ 57.50	8 60.00	8 62.50	8 65.00	8 67.50	\$ 70.00	\$ 75.00	80.00	85.00	90.0
		(Standard)	(Standard)	under 27.50	30.00	32.50	35.00	37.50	40.00	42.50	45.00	47.50	50.00	52.50	55.00	57.50	60.00	62.50	65.00	67.50	70.00	75.00	80.00	85.00	90.00	ove
Women - Continued																										
	7.00	40.0	53.00	-					10	h	20	9	5	14	11	9	h	10	12	13	-	3	-	3	-	-
Manufacturing	127	39.5	54.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	7	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Normanufacturing	114	40.0	53.00	-	-	-	-	-	10	4	18	9	5	14	4	9	14	7	12	12	-	3	-	3	-	
Wholesale trade	29	40.0	58.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	2	-	2	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	1
Retail trade	31	41.0	47.00	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	9	1	-	4	2	6	-	1	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	1
Services	20	40.0	62.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	1	-	4	3	5	-	-	-	3	-	
okkeeping-machine operators, class A	18	40.0	50.00	-	-	-	-	65	-	-	-	5	2	8	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Normanufacturing	17	40.0	50.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	2	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wholesale trade	13	40.0	50.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ookkeeping-machine operators, class B	218	40.5	42.00	-	-	6	28	12	40	36	14	22	35	15	5	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing	12	39.5	49.00	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	2	3	5	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Normanufacturing	206	村.0	41.50	-	-	6	28	12	38	35	13	22	33	12	5	-	2	-		-	-	1 -	1			
Wholesale trade	75	39.5	43.00	-	-	2	19	12	13	17	1	i	3	5	2	-		-	-	-		-			_	
Retail trade	74	39.5	43.00	-	-	4	17	75	23	15	8	21	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Finance **	14	37.00	45.00																							-
alculating-machine operators	185	39.0	50.50			2	1.	2	6	12	32	23	29	18	8	5	1	7	2	15	10	6	-	-	_	1
(Comptometer type)	19	40.0	48.00	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	9	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing	166	39.0	50.50	-	-	2	2	2	6	12	32	21	20	16	6	5	2	7	2	15	10	6	-	-	-	
Wholesale trade	114	39.0	53.50	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	22	9	18	16	4	4	-	5	-	15	10	6	-	-	-	
-22-44						1																				
alculating-machine operators (other than Comptometer type)	33	11.0	38.00	-	-	7	-	5	10	6	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Nonmanufacturing	21	42.5	36.00	-	-	7	-	4	8	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
lerks, accounting	830	39.5	45.50	-	7	42	56	54	56	89	73	105	99	54	53	93	4	17	8	20	-	-	-	-	-	1
Manufacturing	39	40.0	15.50	-	-	-	-	10	-	1	2	10	4	6	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Normanufacturing	791	39.5	45.50	-	7	42	56	fift	56	88	71	95	95	48	52	90	2	17	8	20	-	-	-	-	-	1 .
Wholesale trade	168	39.5	48.00		-	17	3	-	15	-	22	22	32	10	14	10	-	5	8	10	-	-	-		-	
Retail trade	136	42.0	39.00		7	17	15	23	7	23	18	11 29	13	1 8	-	9	-		-	-	1 -	1 -				
Finance **	154	39.5	40.50	-	-	8	35	13	2	29	15	29	13	0	-	-					1					
lerks, file, class A	33	40.0	45.50	-	-	-	-	-	9	8	2	7		-	-	-	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	+ :
Normanufacturing	33	40.0	45.50		-	-	-	-	9	8	2	7	-	-	-	-	5		-	-		-		-	-	
Wholesale trade	19	40.0	46.50	-	-	-	-	-	7		-	1			-		,					11111				
Clerks, file, class B	230	39.0	34.00	2	6	89	41	49	16	18	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Normanufacturing	221	39.0	34.00		6	87	41	47	16	17	14	1	-	-	1 -	-	-					-	-	-		
Retail trade	27 146	41.5	32.00	2	0	67	33	35	7	2	-	1	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Finance **	140	39.0	33.00	-						,																
larks, general	279	39.0	48.00		-	6	11	34	12	Li	18	26	15	16	15	34	1	16	6	6	2	-	5	-	7	-
Mamufacturing	50 229	39.0 39.0	Pa-00		-	1	8	20	10	10	14	24	12	9	13	33	5	15	6	2	2	-	5	-	7	
Nonmanufacturing	29	39.5	67.50			4	-	20	10	40	-	L	-	-	-	-	1	5	4	-	-	-	5	-	7	1
Finance **	17	10.0	43.00		-	-	6	-	-	1	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Services	32	41.5	37.00		-	4	2	10	3	11	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Torke order	75	42.5	40.50	-	-	1	12	7	17	13	3	8	-	1	3	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing	75 15 60	40.0	45.50		-	-	-	5		2	1	-	-	1	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Normanufacturing	60	43.5	39.00		-	4	12	5 2	17	11	2	8	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Clerks. payroll	104	39.5	47.00		-	1	4	5	5	10	15	15	14	13	3	10	5	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	1
Manufacturing	20	40.0	48.50		-	-	4	1 3	=	2	2	35	4	1	1	10	5	1	1 -	2	-	1		-	-	
Nonmanufacturing	84	39.5	47.00		-	1	-	5 2	5	8 2	13	15	10	12	2	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	-		_	1
Wholesale trade	12	40.0	46.50		-	ī	-	2	3	2	3	4	2	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Services	12	40.5	що.00		-	1	-	-)	-	2									1	1000					

See footnote at end of table.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-1. Office Occupations - Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by industry division, May 1952)

		Ave	RAGE							NUMB	BER OF V	VORKER	RS RECE	EIVING	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEE	KLY EA	RNINGS	OF-			2		Editorna a tona	Table 180
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)	Weekly earnings (Standard)	s 25.00 and under 27.50	\$ 27.50 30.00	\$ 30.00 32.50	\$ 32.50 35.00	\$ 35.00	\$ 37.50	\$ 40.00	\$ 42.50 45.00	\$ 45.00	\$ 47.50	\$ 50.00	\$ 52.50	\$ 55.00	57.50	\$ 60.00	\$ 62.50	65.00	\$ 67.50	\$ 70.00	\$ 75.00	\$ 80.00	85.00 9	\$ 90.0
Women - Continued					1			2100				41000	70.00	72070	55.00	27.50	00,00	02.50	05.00	67.50	70.00	75.00	80.00	85.00	90.00	OVE
			\$					177	13.00												NO.	19 119				
Key-punch operators	72	38.5	36.00	-	-	13	14	15	9	18	2	1	-							1000						
Normanufacturing Finance **	69	38.5 38.0	36.00 35.50	-	-	13	14	15	7	18	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	00	30.0	35.50	-	-	13	14	15	6	17	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Office girls	16	41.5	34.00	-	-	6	-	9	1																	
Nonmanufacturing	16	41.5	34.00	-	-	6	-	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-
Secretaries	387	39.5	53.50		366			2									100			100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	35	40.0	54.50	-	-	-	-	2	7	8	38	65	50	43	24	28	34	30	8	19	5	13	13	-	-	
Normanufacturing	352	39.5	53.00	-	-	-	-	2	7	6	38	60	14h	3	21	26	6	1	2	4	-	-	1	-	-	-
Public utilities *	34 106	40.0	57.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	8	2	1	3	28	29	6	15	5	13	12	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	106	39.5	54.50	-		-		-	-	-	20	14	L L	14	9	15	10	2	2	2	2	2	4	-	-	-
Retail trade	43	40.0	49.50	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	6	8	5	L	3	5	10	7	-	2	-	10	6	-	-	-
Finance **	146	39.0	52.50	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	10	35	23	15	6	3	16	14	4	9	3	1	2	-	-	-
Services	23	39.5	51.00	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	1	4	5	2	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	-		-
Stenographers, general	538 48	39.5	47.00	_	-	10	3	54	55	61	148	91	lik	20	01	-	1-									
Manufacturing		40.0	46.50	-			-	5	22	OI.	1,	10	10	30	26	27	41	21		3	24	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	490	39.5	47.00	-	-	10	3	49	53	57	44	81	34	24	20	26	12	-	-	-	-7	-	-	-	-	
Public utilities *	57	39.0	48.50	-	-	-	-	1	3	6	8	6	6	11	5		41	21	-	3	24	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	163	40.0	48.00	-	-	10	-	2	25	14	19	35	2	4	10	9 5	10	12		-	75	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	71 154	41.0	42.00	-	-	-	-	25	1	7	9	11	11	3	4	-	10	12	-	_	15	-		-	-	-
***************************************	154	39.0	45.00	-	-	-	3	श	22	30	7	15	11	6	1	9	29	-	-	-	-		-			-
Switchboard operators	78	42.5	35.00	12	19	2	6	3	0	13	0	-	6	-												
Normanufacturing	70	43.0	34.00	12	19	2	6	1	9	11	1	<u>h</u>	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	13	40.5	34.00	3	-	1	6	-	-	1	i	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	17	38.5	41.50	-	-	-	-	-	3	10	-	3	-	1		-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services	33	47.0	29.50	9	19	1	-	-	-	-	-	í	3	-	-	-	-		-		- 1	- 1	-	-	-	-
Switchboard operator-receptionists	100	10.0	41.00			12	7	10	16	~-	_	_												-	-	-
Manufacturing	19	40.0	hi.00	-	-	72	2	10	10	27	5	5	6	3	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Normanufacturing	81	40.0	40.00	-	-	12	5	10	15	6	1 4	2	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Wholesale trade	25	39.5	45.50	-		2	-	10	6	6	3	3	1	1	-	4	-	5	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	21	42.0	35.50	-	-	10	-	2	-	6	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	24	38.5	38.50	-	-	-	5	5	4	8	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Tabulating-machine operators	27	38.5	46.00		-																-		-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	26	38.5	45.00	-	-	-	1	-	-	8	2	9		4	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	26	38.5	45.00	-	-	-	1	-		8.	2 2	9	-	4	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transcribing-machine operators, general	7.00				2 /						-	,		4	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-		-	-	-
Normanufacturing	122	39.5	39.50	-	-	1	42	8	3	25	12	26	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Wholesale trade	20	39.0	43.00		-	1	42	7 3	2	23	12	22	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		3,00	45000					2		4	0	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Typists, class A	81	39.0	42.00	-	-	-	1	6	15	32	6	10	=	1.	7	-	19 19				146	100		1		
Normanufacturing	73	39.0	42.00	-	-	-	1	6	15	29	3	8	5	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Wholesale trade	11	40.5	45.50	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	2	3	2	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	25	39.0	40.00	-	-	-	1	5	1	15	2	1	-	-	-		-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	10	40.0	40.50	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-
Typists, class B	355	40.0	37.50	-	-	55	40	77	81	54	36	20														
Manufacturing	36	40.0	37.50	-	-	22	6	7	11		16	15	12	3	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Monmamufacturing	319	40.0	37.50	-	-	51	34	70	70	52	3	75	70	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public utilities *	36		41.50	-	-	-	-	-	11	15	13	15	12	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Retail trade	76	42.0	35.50	-/	-		12		1	3	2	1	12	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	134	39.0	36.00	-	-	35 16	16	12 56	30	10	6	-	12		-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		1-11		11-0		1	47.5		-		-	1000	100		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-

^{1/} Hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

** Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-2: Professional and Technical Occupations

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by industry division, May 1952)

		Aver	RAGE							NUMBI	ER OF V	VORKE	RS RECE	IVING	STRAIG	HT-TIMI	E WEEF	CLY EAR	RNINGS	OF-					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)		and	-	\$ 42.50 - 45.00	-	-	-	\$ 52.50 - 55.00	\$ 55.00 - 57.50	-	\$ 60.00 - 62.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Men Draftsmen, chief Draftsmen Manufacturing	18 37 20	41.0 40.0 40.0	\$ 92.00 78.00 76.50		-	- :				1 11	-	3 3			-	-	2	3 3	- 8 5	15 9	1 5 -	8 -	3	3 -	1 -
Women Nurses, industrial (registered) Manufacturing	13 12	40.0 40.0	53.50 54.00	1 1		3 3	1 -		=	1 1	-	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-

^{1/} Hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

Table A-3: Maintenance and Power Plant Occupations

(Average hourly earnings 1/ for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by industry division, May 1952)

					and the same of th	TO SHOW THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	STE I			NUMBI																			
	Number	Average	8 0.75	80.80	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.90	.95	.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.35	\$ 1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55	1.60	\$ 1.70	1.80	1.90	2.00	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
Occupation and industry division	workers	earnings	and under .80	- 85	- 90				N. Contract	18300	22	1201	1300		-	4	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2.30	-	-	and
Carpenters, maintenance Manufacturing Nommanfacturing Public utilities *	52 20 32 16	1.58 1.51 1.63 1.80	1111	1111		2 - 2 -	1111	1 -	1111		1 - 1 -		1111	8 5 3 2	3	144-	1 1 -	6	2 - 2 -	1 1 1	11 2 9 8	5 - 5 -		4 2 2 2		3 3 3	11111	1111	
Electricians, maintenance	72 144	1.96	-	-	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1.1		1 -	-	-	9	31 23	8 -	1.1	1 -	2 2	-	3	-	2/15
Engineers, stationary	28 17	1.53	-	-		-	-	-	2 2	2 2	-	3		2 2	-	-	-	-	10 2	6 3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	
Firemen, stationary boiler	67 34 33 23	1.02 1.21 .84 .81	16 16 12	16 8 8 6	6 3 3 3	3	2 - 2 2		4 -	1111	1111	2 2 -	1111	1111	6	1111	8 8 -		1111	1111	4 -	1111	1111			1111	1111	1111	
Helpers, trades, maintenance Manufacturing Nommanufacturing Public utilities *	193 96 97 37	1.23 1.26 1.20 1.08	15 4 11 7	4 - 4 -	7 7 7	2 2 -	7 2 5 -	13 10 3 2	3	10 3 7 -	21 -	15 5 10 8	25 6 19 4	8 1 7 7	8 35 -	.18	2 2 2		1111	23 18 5		5 - 5 -	1111	5 - 5 -	11111	1111	1111	1111	
Machinists, maintenance	52 21	1.94		-	-	-	-		:		-	-	=	-	-	-	-	55	-	9 8	6 -	9	-	-	5	12	6		
Maintenance men, general utility Manufacturing Normanufacturing Public utilities * Wholesale trade Retail trade Services	158 76 82 14 22 13 31	1.35 1.38 1.32 1.41 1.76 1.39	7 - - 7 -	8 - 8	2 - 2 - 2	3 - 3 - 3		8 4 4 - 1 - 1 4		17 8 9 - - 8	3 - 2	6 4 2 -	11 2 9 - 7 2 -	25 21 4 - 4 -	945511	18 16 2 1 - 1	1111111	18 9 9 3 6	1 - 1 - 1 -	10 7 3 - 3 - 3 -	2 2	2 2	1 1	3 1 2 - 2	11111111		1111111	7 - 7 - 7	
Mechanics, automotive (maintenance)	271 16	1.59	-	2 -	1 -	14	4		-	5	4 2	7	13	1	-	-	18	3 -	20 2	60	-	3	16	2 -	-	-	-	-	
Mechanics, maintenance	123 59 64 50	1.73 1.82 1.64 1.68		-	1111	1 -	1111		-	3 - 3 2	2 - 2 -	8 4 4 4	5 - 5 2	1.11.1	1 1 -	1 1 -	10	5 1 4 4		31 17 14 13	6 6	11 11	8 - 8 5	3 - 3 3	18 16 2 -		4 4 - -	1111	

Table A-3: Maintenance and Power Plant Occupations - Continued

(Average hourly earnings 1/ for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by industry division, May 1952)

				1			100			NUM	BER OI	WOR	KERS	RECEI	VING I	STRAI	GHT-T	IME I	HOURL	Y EAR	NINGS	OF-		The last					
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average hourly earnings	s 0.75 and under .80		7000		100	100	1000	-	-	-	800	-	-	000	-	-	-	1 -	_	-	1.90		100000		N. Carlo		10000
		- \$							57/11/2						-			-922	1.00	1010	1.00	1070	2.00	2010	2020	2.30	2.40	2.50	OAG
Millwrights	13	1.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		-	_				0	1.		100			EVAS'	1000		
Manufacturing	13	1.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Oilers	46	1.11	-	12	5	3	h	5	-	. 1				-		10				1		No.				1		TO ST	1889
Manufacturing .,	46	1.11	-	12	3	3	Į.	5	-	1	600		-	-	-	10	-	-	-	6	-	-	-		-	-		-	
Painters, maintenance	61	1.86	2	1	2	1	-	-	8	-	-	1	1			2				1	4	1.				36		7.0	
Normanufacturing	55	1.88	2	1	2	1		-	8	-	-	1	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	1	6	1	-	-		16	6	10	
Sheet-metal workers, maintenance	74	1.91	-	-	-	-	-	-		-									6		20								
Normanufacturing	70 60	1.92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-		-		6	14	20	6	3	3	10	15	3	-	

Table A-4: Custodial, Warehousing, and Shipping Occupations

(Average hourly earnings 1/ for selected occupations 2/ studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by industry division, May 1952)

										NUME	ER OF	WOR	KERS	RECEI	VING	STRAI	GHT-T	IME H	OURL	Y EAR	NING	OF-				TIST !		120100	
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average hourly earnings	Under \$ 0.40		-	-	- 60	-	-	-	.00	600	100	-	00	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	-	TOUR TO	1000	\$ 1.60 - 1.70			1000000	
rane operators, electric bridge (under 20 tons)	14	\$ 1.49	-	1000	_	-		-	-		_	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	2	2	2	6	2010	1,000	2	2000	OV
nards	38	1.18	_	-	-	_	_	-	2			6		2					2		-	21					-		
Normanufacturing	12	.91	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
anitors, porters, and cleaners (men)	792	.78	8	12	22	121	16	29	51	80	114	66	46	81	19	53	28	2	11	15	1	15							
Manufacturing	102	.94 .75	8	12	22	121	16	29	51	80	12	12	12 3h	2h 57	12	6	12	-	11	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public utilities *	93 87	1.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	1	32	í	47	14	-	-	15	-	15	2	-	-	-	-	-	
Retail trade	362	.64	8	10	12	109	13	29	42	64	43	23	19	6	3	15	2	2	-	6	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	
Finance **	101	.80	_	2	10	12	3	-	9	12	17	7 5	4 9	12	3	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
nitors, porters, and cleaners (women)	315	.49	179	12	11	le	1.	2	7	2	38	19	1	1		2	32												
Normanufacturing	306	.48	179		11	4	4	2	7	2	36	16	-	1	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Retail tradeFinance **	23 50 2h	•77 •47 •64	3/ 17	8	7	2	4	2	1	2	4	2	-	ī	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Services	172	.31	4/162	-	4 -	-	-	-	6	-	10	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
der fillers	283	1.08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	29	10	30	10	21	55	16	2	35		23	2	0	12		,		
Manufacturing	55 228	1.02	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	8	6	-	4	4	-	12	12	-	3	-	.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wholesale trade	158	1.09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	23	10	26	6	21 16	43	4	2	32 26	-	17	2	9	11	la la	14	-	
ckers (men)	158	.92	_	-	_		_	-		1	26	23	15	27	7	30	76	-	2								-		
Nonmanufacturing	124 54	•93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	26	18	15	1	7	30	13	6	3	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	

^{1/} Excludes premium pay for overtime and night work.
2/ All workers at \$2.60 to \$2.70.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

See footnotes at end of table.

* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-4: Custodial, Warehousing, and Shipping Occupations - Continued

(Average hourly earnings 1/ for selected occupations 2/ studied on an area basis in Jacksonville, Fla., by industry division, May 1952)

		1 20								NUMB								-	-				-	-	_			
	Number	Average hourly	Under	8.40	8.45	0.50	8.55	0.60	0.65	8.70	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.40	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	1.90
Occupation and industry division	of workers	earnings	\$ 0.40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- /	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			0.40	-45	. 50	. 55	.60	.65	.70	-75	.80	.85	.90	.95	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.40	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	1.90	2.00
	005	\$ 0.87		6			6		1		46	58	26	30	12	h	_	-	36	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	225 64	.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	34	10	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ceiving clerks	109	1.15	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	-	5	8	L	21	7	16	7	2	4	2	11	8	4	3	-	-
Manufacturing	12	1.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 2	3	-	5	- 8	2 2	20	7	16	5 2	2	1	2	ii	8	3	1 2	-	-
Normanufacturing	97	1.13	-		-	-	-	2	-	2	3	-	2	0	-	13	5	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	66	1.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	5	8	2	7	2	6	2	2	4	2	11	7	1	2	-	-
	109	1.31	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	2	8	2	L	ь	1	22	12	16	19	1	2	-	1
ipping clerks Manufacturing	14	1.44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	3	4	1	2	-	1
Nonmanufacturing	95	1.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	2	8	. 2	4	4 2	1	17	12	13		-	2	-	-
Wholesale trade	72	1.34		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	2	8	2	4	2	1	11	2	3	1	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	23	1.16	-	-	-	-				1							-	-	-				-					
dipping-and-receiving clerks	138	1.49	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	3	3	-	6	-	8	-	6	24	17	1	19	1	27	-	12
Nonmanufacturing	126	1.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			3	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	12	-	5	ī	22	-	12
Public utilities *	62	1.61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	3	-	2	16	2	-	10	-	5	-	-
	050	.86		-	7		111	-	11	8	353	132	93	107	22	56	51	56	8	21	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
ock handlers and truckers, hand	952 273	.89	-	-	-	-	111	-	-	-	84	12	16	88	8	28	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	679	.85	-	-	7	-	14	-	11	8	269	120	77 66	19	14	28	14	56	8	21	9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	481	.87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189	94		12	13	26	8	45	8	18	8 -	4	-			-		-
Retail trade	177	.80	-	-	7	-	14	-	11	4	68	26	11	7	1	1	0	11	0	-								
uck drivers, light (under 12 tons)	193	.95	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	8	42	18	28	16	2	5	2	2	10	36	9	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	13	1.13	1:	-	-	-	-	-	7	8	42	18		16	2	2	2	2	-	36	9	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	124	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	8		14		-	2	-	-	36	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	27	.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	8	8	-	5	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services	28	.83	-	-	-	-		-	3	-	5	10	6	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
uck drivers. medium (12 to and including 4 tons)	441	.96	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	4	95	45	34	79	36	21	12	8	12	-	2	53	7	6	-	6	-	-
Manufacturing	83	1.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	18	7	6	12	8	12	-	2	48	1		-	6	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	358	.95	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	4	75 71	45		41		15	8			-	-	148		6	-	6	-	-
Wholesale trade	254	.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	4	1 4	15		20		3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	10	300								-		~										05	10	-	12	6	6	21
ruck drivers, heavy (over 4 tons, trailer type)	220	1.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	12	6		23	3	-	-	-	-	25			-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	168	1.07	-	-		-	-		-	-	68		-	6		23	-	-	-	-	-	-	10		12			21
Nonmanufacturing Wholesale trade	127	1.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58		-	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5	12	6		21
Retail trade	12	.79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Comb 7164)	89	.99	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	14	20	10	9	-	7	15	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
wckers, power (fork-lift)	63	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6		9	16	2	9	-	4	15	-	-	2			-	-	1 7 7 7	-
Nonmanufacturing	26	.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		5	4	8	-	-	3 2	-	-	-	1 4	1		-	-	-	
Wholesale trade	15	1.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4		100				
ruckers, power (other than fork-lift)	61	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	6		35	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	52	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	6	-	29	9	-	-									The state of
atchmen	152	.90	-	3	2	4	2	-	2	4	30	31	14	12		1	8	1	10	2	1	15		-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	68	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14			8	10	1	8	1	8 2	2	1	15			-		-	-
Nonmanufacturing	84	.82	-	3	2	4	2	-	2	4	16		4	2		1	5	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	35	.86	-	-	-	2	2	-	2	4	12	6		-	-	1	3	1	2	-	1	-			-	-	-	-
Retail trade	10	.57	-	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DELATCES	1	001	-	1	-		1		1				1			1 2 1						1						1

Excludes premium pay for overtime and night work.

| Data limited to men workers except where otherwise indicated.
| Workers were distributed as follows: | 11 at \$.25 to \$.30; 3 at \$.35 to \$.40.
| Workers were distributed as follows: | 116 at \$.25 to \$.30; 45 at \$.30 to \$.35; 1 at \$.35 to \$.40.
| All workers at \$2.10 to \$2.20.
| Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

B: Characteristic Industry Occupations

Table B-63: Insurance Carriers 1/

		Ave	RAGE 2/							NUMBI	ER OF V	VORKE	RS RECE	EIVING	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEEI	KLY EA	RNINGS	OF-	1977					TOTAL STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE
Occupation and sex	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)								\$ 40.00																
				21000	20.00	22.50	35.00	31.50	40.00	42.50	45.00	47.50	50.00	52.50	55.00	57.50	60.00	62.50	65.00	70.00	75.00	80.00	85.00	90.00	95.00	OV
Men																										
Section beads	20	38.0	\$ 71.50		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	. 2	-	4	3	3	1	1	-	2
<u>Women</u>																										
Assemblers Accounting Correspondence, class B File, class B Ey-punch operators remium acceptors ection heads abulating-machine operators ypists, class B	15 55 56 116 39 15 23 13 95	37.5 39.5 39.0 39.0 38.0 37.5 39.0 38.0 39.0	32.00 41.50 38.00 32.50 34.50 43.50 60.50 42.00 34.50	1	3 - 2 3 1	2 9 - 54 12 2 - 13	9 10 32 9 1 - 2	5 1 9 26 9 -	14 1 4 2 - 15	- 17 19 - 3 2 - 6	2 2 - 2 - 1 -	6 - 1 1 - 2 -	-	7 2 -		1			3	2 3				1		

^{1/} The study covered establishments with more than 20 workers in the insurance industry (Group 63) as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (1949 edition) prepared by the Eureau of the Budget.
2/ Hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

C: Union Wage Scales

(Minimum wage rates and maximum straight-time hours per week agreed upon through collective bargaining between employers and trade-unions. Rates and hours are those in effect on dates indicated. Comprehensive listings of union scales for bakeries, building construction, motortruck drivers and helpers, and printing for July 1, 1951 are available on request. Similar information for these industries will be published for July 1, 1952.

Table C-15: Building Construction

July 1, 1952

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
dricklayers Carpenters Electricians Painters Plasterers Plumbers Building laborers	\$2.700 2.150 2.620 1.940 2.475 2.750 .900	40 40 40 40 40 40

Table C-205: Bakeries

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Bread and cake - Machine shops:		
Agreement A:		
Ovenmen. mixers	\$1.330	40
Benchmen, wrapping-machine operators	1.280	40
Molders	1.230	10
Second class benchmen	1.180	40
Panners, molders' helpers	1.000	40
Bakers' helpers:		7
First 3 months	.900	40
After 3 months	1.000	40
Doughnut packers, cake cutters,	2.000	40
packagers, wrappers, catchers	1.000	40
Agreement B:	2.000	40
Bread:		
Mixers	1.310	10
Ovenmen	1.260	10
Wrapping-machine operators	1.190	40
Moldermen	1.120	40
Wrapping-machine helpers	1.090	40
Helpers	950	10
Cake:	0,70	40
Mixers	1.310	40
Ovenmen	1.260	40
Wrapping-machine operators	1.050	40
Wrappers, icers, and helpers	.950	40
Shipping:	0,750	40
Packers, helpers	.950	110
Agreement C:	.,,,	40
Bread:		
Mixers	1.200	40
Head ovenmen	1.150	40
Mixers' helpers, bread panners	.950	40
Wrapping-machine helpers	.900	40
Bakery helpers:	.700	40
First 6 weeks	.750	40
After 6 weeks	.820	40
Alter O weeks	.020	40

Table C-205: Bakeries - Continued

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Bread and cake - Machine shops: - Continued Agreement C: - Continued Cake:		
Cake mixers, head overmen	\$1.000	40
Wrapping-machine operators	.900	40
Ovenmen	860	40
Wrappers, icers, and helpers:		
First 6 weeks	.750	40
After 6 weeks	.820	40
Shipping:		
Shipping helpers	.860	40
Agreement D:		
Bread:		MAN W
Mixers	1.310	40
Oven operators	1.210	40
Divider operators	1.160	40
Wrapping-machine operators	1.100	40
Mixers' helpers, icing mixers	1.000	40
Bread helpers	.860	40
Cake:		
Mixers	1.200	40
Oven operators	1.160	40
Utility men	1.100	40
Depositor operators	1.050	40
Wrapping-machine operators	.950	40
Icers and wrappers, helpers	.860	40
Shipping:	2 000	10
Shipping clerks, checkers	1.000	40
Helpers:	770	40
First 4 weeks	.770	40
Second 4 weeks	.860	110
After 8 weeks	.000	40

Table C-27: Printing July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Book and job:		
Bindery wamen	\$0.900	40
Bookbinders	2.000	40
Compositors, hand	1.875	40
Machine operators	1.875	40
Machine tenders (machinists)	1.875	40
Photoengravers	2.300	40
Press assistants and feeders	1.450	40
Pressmen, cylinder	1.650	40
Pressmen, platen	1.650	40
Stereotypers	2.590	40

Table C-27: Printing - Continued

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Newspapers:		
Compositors, hand; machine operators; machine tenders (machinists); photo- engravers; pressmen, web presses; stereotypers;		
Day work	\$2.490	40
Night work	2.590	40
Mailers:		
Day work	1.900	40
Night work	1.900	40
Pressmen-in-charge:		
Day work	2.615	40
Night work	2.715	40

Table C-41: Local Transit Operating Employees

October 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Busses: First 6 months	\$1.180 1.230 1.280	48 48 48

Table C-42: Motortruck Drivers and Helpers July 1, 1951

Classification .	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Beer - Transport	\$1.130	40
Helpers	.655	40
Dump - Over $l_2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ tons	1.250	40
and under	1.000	40
3 cu. yds. and under	1.100	40
Over 3 cu. yds	1.350	40
Local pick-up and delivery Helpers	1.000	40
Railway express: Local pick-up and delivery Air express	1.780	40 40

D: Entrance Rates Table D-1: Minimum Entrance Rates for Plant Workers 1/

		Perce	ent of plant	workers in minimum r	establishment ates in -	ts with speci	fied	
Minimum rate (in cents)	All	Manufac	turing establ	ishments	233			
	industries 2/	21-100 workers	101-500 workers	501 or more workers	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25 or under 30 Over 30 and under 35 35 Over 35 and under 10 10 Over 10 and under 15 15 Over 15 and under 15 15 Over 15 and under 50 50 Over 55 and under 60 60 Over 60 and under 65 65 70 Over 75 and under 75 75 Over 75 and under 80 80 Over 80 and under 85 85 Over 85 and under 90 90 Over 100 and under 105 Over 100 and under 115 115 Over 115 and under 110 Over 110 and under 115 Over 115 and under 120 120 and over Establishments with no established minimum	4.0 1.4 .4 2.1 1.2 1.1 1.6 4.0 2.3 .9 4.5 3.0 24.9 7.4 1.0 24.9 7.1 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.6 1.0 2.3 .9 4.5 3.0 1.0 24.9 7.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1	5.4 	30.5 7.2 10.2 11.0 9.7 17.2	14.1 	34.6	5.8 - 5.0 52.5 3.8 9.2 3.2 2.7 11.7	5.2 -1.4 5.8 4.3 2.4 5.3 6.8 -6.7 11.6 -7.6 2.0 16.4 -1.3 -1.3	25.2 14.3 4.9 4.5 4.3 20.2 6.0 3.6 - 5.1 5.3 - 4.0
Information not available	(3/)	-		-	.2	-	-	-

L/ Lowest rates formally established for hiring either men or women plant workers other than watchmen.
Excludes data for finance, insurance, and real estate.
J/ Less than .05 of 1 percent.
Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

E: Supplementary Wage Practices Table E-1: Shift Differential Provisions

Shift differential	Percent workers on each all manu indus	employed shift in facturing
	2d shift	3d or other shift
Percent of workers on extra shifts, all establishments	21.5	7.3
Receiving shift differential Uniform cents (per hour) 5 cents 8 cents 10 cents	10.5 10.5 1.4 6.8 2.3	2.7 2.7 2.4
Receiving no differential	11.0	4.6

Table E-2: Scheduled Weekly Hours

	PERCENT OF OFFICE WORKERS 1/ EMPLOYED IN-								PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-						
Weekly hours	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 2/	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services		
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	. 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Under 35 hours	3.4	2.6	-		-	8.9	1.8	(3/)	-		0.2	-	6.0		
over 35 and under 372 hours	21.0	7.6	61.6	15.5	10.4	17.6	8.2	(3/)	:	=	.2	=	-		
over 37½ and under 40 hours	52.6	1.9 78.1 3.3	35.7	6.5 57.5	33.7 24.8	12.5	17.1 48.5	58.8 6.5	91.0	56.7	76.4	28.6	14.5 8.3		
wer 40 and under 44 hours	4.4 3.6 4.2	4.8	-	7.0	8.0		9.1	4.6	4.0	6.9	2.2	5.0	7.0		
8 hours	3.1	=	2.2	.8	15.5	-	1.2	13.0	3.4		8.5	21.2	40.6		
00 hours	.2	-	:	-	-	-	4.1	2.8 6.4	-	23.3	3.5	9.5	6.4		

Data relate to women workers.
Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.
Less than .05 of 1 percent.
Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
*** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-3: Paid Holidays

	PERCENT OF OFFICE WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-								PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-						
Number of paid holidays	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 1/	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services		
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Establishments providing paid holidays	96.7	77.2	93.7	99.1	100.0	100.0	97.9	64.6	44.6	67,0	80.9	85.9	41.5		
1 day 2 days 3 days 4 days 4 days 5 days 6 days 7 days 8 days 9 days	- -5 -1 2.6 -2 40.3 31.8 9.8 2.7 1.2 7.5	1.1 1.7 2.1 34.2 38.1	8.0 6.3 74.6 2.3	2.7 25.8 50.1 17.1	1.3 3.3 91.8 3.6	39.3 13.5 16.3 8.2	5.6 3.3 74.7 14.3	33.7 20.7 2.1	10.2 32.4	6.9 17.3 27.2 15.4	2.3 5.0 33.8 35.8 2.4	2.6 7.2 3.3 70.3 2.5	8.3 6.4 21.7 5.1		
Stablishments providing no paid holidays	3.3	22.8	6.3	.9	-	-	2.1	35.4	55.4	33.0	19.1	14.1	58.5		

I/ Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-4: Paid Vacations (Formal Provisions)

		PE	RCENT OF OF	FICE WORKER	S EMPLOYED II	V—			PERCENT	OF PLANT W	ORKERS EMPL	OYED IN-	
Vacation policy	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 1/	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
												C. Carrier	
									W. W.				
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
l year of service													
Establishments with paid vacations	99.5	98.7	100.0	99.3	100.0	100.0	95.3	82.4	85.4	100.0	86.0	88.0	29.4
1 week	37.4 61.0 1.1	28.6 62.5 7.6	63.8 33.7 2.5	28.0 71.3	79.0	18.1	35.0 60.3	63.1 19.3 (<u>2</u> /)	78.1 7.3	60.9 38.9	58.8 27.2	61.6 26.4	23.3 6.1
Establishments with no paid vacations	•5	1.3	-	•7	-	-	4.7	17.6	14.6	-	14.0	12.0	70.6
2 years of service													
Establishments with paid vacations	99.5	98.7	100.0	99.3	100.0	100.0	95.3	82.4	85.4	100.0	86.0	88.0	29.4
1 week	8.9	14.7	5.6	12.0	18.9	-	22.3	44.9	70.1	34.1	39.4	32.2	18.0
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	87.9	1.3	91.9	87.3	81.1	100.0	46.7	36.8	2.0	65.7	46.6	55.8	11.4
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	1.5	7.6	2.5	-	:	-	26.3	(2/)		.2	3	-	
Establishments with no paid vacations	•5	1.3		.7	-	_	4.7	17.6	14.6	-	14.0	12.0	70.6
5 years of service													
Establishments with paid vacations	99.5	98.7	100.0	99.3	100.0	100.0	96.7	84.3	85.4	100.0	86.0	88.0	49.1
l week	4.1	7.4	2.2	3.7	9.0		18.1	21.9	27.6	11.6	19.3	18.8	28.6
2 weeks	87.9	83.7	95.3	92.3	91.0	87.4	52.3	61.1	57.8	88.2	58.3	69.2	20.5
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	2.6	7.6	2.5	3.3	-	8.2	26.3	1.3	-	.2	8.4	-	-
Establishments with no paid vacations	.5	1.3	-	.7	-	-	3.3	15.7	14.6	-	14.0	12.0	50.9
15 years of service													
Establishments with paid vacations	99.5	98.7	100.0	99.3	100.0	100.0	96.7	84.3	85.4	100.0	86.0	88.0	49.1
1 week	21.3	7.4	2.2	3.7	9.0	52.0	18.1	21.9	27.6	11.6	19.3	18.8	28.6
2 weeks	36.0	78.3	20.0	48.0	81.7	8.2	52.3	40.9	29.3	46.9	39.2	. 59.3	20.5
3 weeks	38.0	13.0	77.8	47.6	9.3	39.8	-	21.5	28.5	41.5	27.5	9.9	-
Over 3 weeks	1.5	-	-			-	26.3	-	-	-			-
Establishments with no paid vacations	.5	1.3		-7	-	-	3.3	15.7	14.6	•	14.0	12.0	50.9

^{1/} Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.
2/ Less than .05 of 1 percent.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
*** Finance, insurance and real estate.

Table E-5: Paid Sick Leave (Formal Provisions)

		PE	RCENT OF OF	FICE WORKER	S EMPLOYED IN	4—		W/AT HE	PERCENT	OF PLANT W	ORKERS EMPL	OYED IN-	
Provisions for paid sick leave	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 1	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6 months of service					7.5								
Establishments with formal provisions													
for paid sick leave	12.8	4.8	13.4	22.9	17.9	5.7	10.3	8.7	1.6	-	4.8	25.5	-
5 days	7.9	4.8	-	22.9	14.0	-	-	6.0		-	3.2	18.9	-
6 days	-4	-	-	-	-	1.3	-	6	1.6	-	-	-	-
10 days	3.9	-	13.4	-	-	Hoft	10.3	.2	-	-	1.6	-	-
11 days	.6	-	-	-	3.9	-	-	1.9	-	-	-	6.6	-
Establishments with no formal provisions for paid sick leave	87.2	95.2	86.6	77.1	82.1	94.3	89.7	91,3	98.4	100.0	95.2	74.5	100.0
1 year of service	-	1		1102	02.2	74.5	3,01	,,,,,	70.4	100.0	, ,,,,,	14.0	20080
Establishments with formal provisions for paid sick leave	25.7	6.1	13.4	40.7	29.0	26.6	10.3	12.8	3.6	-	11.9	33.4	
5 days	4.1	3.0	10.4	2.7	3.7	8.2	1003	12.0	1.1		11.07	(2/)	
6 days	1.7	-		.9	10.6	-	-	1.8		_	1.9	(2/) 5.3	
7 days	1.2	2	-	-	-	3.7	-	• 3	.9		-		-
10 days	9.5	3.1	13.4	3.8	10.3	13.4	10.3	6.0	-	-	2.9	18.9	-
12 days	.5			-	.5	1.3	-	1.3	1.6	-	-	2.6	-
15 days	4.9	-	-	20.2	-	-	-	.5	-	-	3.3	-	-
20 days	3.2	-	-	13.1	-	-	-	.3	-	-	2.2	-	-
22 days	.6	-	-	-	3.9	-	-	2.2	-	-	1.6	6.6	-
Establishments with no formal provisions	·	000	0//	70.0	77.0	70.1	00.7	000	0()	200.0	00 =	111	300.0
for paid sick leave	74.3	93.9	86.6	59-3	71.0	73.4	89.7	87.2	96.4	100.0	88.1	66.6	100.0
2 years of service													
Establishments with formal provisions													
for paid sick leave	34.3	6.1	71.7	42.7	29.0	26.6	10.3	15.6	3.6	24.3	11.9	33.4	-
5 days	1.3	1.7	-	2.7	3.7	-	-	04	1.1	-	-	(2/)	-
6 days	1.7	-	-	.9	10.6	-	-	1.9	-	-	1.9		-
7 days	1.2	-		-	-	.3.7		.3	.9	-	-	-	-
10 days	10.6	1.3	13.4	3.8	-	21.6	10.3	•4	-	-	2.9	-	
12 days	.5	-	-	-	.5	1.3	-	1.3	1.6	-		2.6	- T
15 days	1.7	3.1		22.2	10.3	-	1000	5.8	-	2.4	5.5	18.9	17000
20 days	.6	-		33.3	3.9			2.2			1.6	6.6	10000
25 days	8.7		58.3	2.0	3.9			202			1.0	-	
Over 25 days	-		,000	2.00	-			2.5		21.9		1	-
Establishments with no formal provisions													
for paid sick leave	65.7	93.9	28.3	57.3	71.0	73.4	89.7	84.4	96.4	75.7	88.1	66.6	100.0
15 years of service													
Establishments with formal provisions													
for paid sick leave	35.1	6.1	71.7	42.7	34.4	26.6	10.3	16.6	3.6	24.3	11.9	36.8	-
5 days	1.3	1.7	-	2.7	3.7	-		04	1.1		-	(2/)	-
6 days	1.7	-	-	.9	10.6	-	-	1.9	-	-	1.9	5.3	
7 days	1.2	-	-	-	-	3.7	-	•3	.9	-	-	-	-
10 days	7.9	1.3	13.4	3.8	-	13.4	10.3	.4		-	2.9	-	-
12 days	.5	-	-	-	-5	1.3	-	1.3	1.6	-	-	2.6	-
20 days	3.4	3.1	-	13.1	-	-	-	•3	-	-	2.2	1	19 8 W.
22 days	27	-	-	-	-	-		.3	-	A STATE OF THE STA	1.6		
25 days	2.7				-	8.2		.3		2.4	-		
35 days	6.3			20.1	10.3			6.0		- 204	3.3	18.9	
50 days	8.		-	20.1	5.4			1.0	-	-	, ,,,	3.4	
Over 50 days	9.3		58.3	2.1	3.9	-	-	4.4	-	21.9	-	6.6	45
Establishments with no formal provisions	1		,		200								
for paid sick leave	64.9	93.9	28.3	57.3	65.6	73.4	89.7	83.4	96.4	75.7	88.1	63.2	100.0

^{1/} Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.
2/ Less than .05 of 1 percent.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-6: Nonproduction Bonuses

		PE	RCENT OF OF	FICE WORKER	S EMPLOYED IN	PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-							
Type of bonus	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 1	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
ll establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
stablishments with nonproduction bonuses 2/	59.0	55.4	20.6	39.8	88.6	79.5	47.7	57.9	48.6	26.9	52.8	82.0	65.1
Christmas or year-end	47.5 6.1 6.5	54.3	17.2 3.4	32.9 3.6 3.3	67.5 13.0 15.0	62.3 9.0 8.2	37.4 10.3	53.0 2.2 5.0	1.5	20.6	43.6 .9 8.4	73.9 4.7 11.1	65.1
stablishments with no nonproduction bonuses	41.0	Й	79.4	60.2	11.4	20.5	52.3	42.1	51.4	73.1	47.2	18.0	34.9

I/ Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.
Unduplicated total.
Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-7: Insurance and Pension Plans

Type of plan	PERCENT OF OFFICE WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-							PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-					
	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Establishments with insurance or pension plans 2/	92.3	86.3	86.8	90.2	89.4	99.4	90.6	75.6	84.6	61.0	64.9	78.1	73.2
Life insurance Health insurance Hospitalization Retirement pension	78.9 48.9 66.2 51.4	76.8 46.7 67.2 24.8	82.7 73.9 19.4 78.7	79.4 47.4 59.7 37.0	77.4 41.8 63.5 36.5	79.2 48.1 90.4 68.2	73.0 19.2 74.9 27.5	57.7 41.2 54.1 26.0	58.7 45.3 69.7 18.0	55.1 43.3 27.6 52.1	53.7 15.9 33.9 19.4	68.2 50.3 50.9 37.7	34.8 37.0 73.2
Establishments with no insurance or pension plans	7.7	13.7	13.2	9.8	10.6	.6	9.4	24.4	15.4	39.0	35.1	21.9	26.8

1/ Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.
2/ Unduplicated total.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Appendix - Scope and Method of Survey

With the exception of the union scale of rates, information presented in this bulletin was collected by visits of field representatives of the Bureau to representative establishments in the area surveyed. In classifying workers by occupation, uniform job descriptions were used; these are available upon request.

Six broad industry divisions were covered in compiling earnings data for the following types of occupations: (a) office clerical, (b) professional and technical, (c) maintenance and power plant, and (d) custodial, warehousing, and shipping (tables A-1 through A-4). The covered industry groupings are: manufacturing; transportation (except railroads), communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. Information on work schedules and supplementary benefits also was obtained in a representative group of establishments in each of these industry divisions. As indicated in the following table only establishments above a certain size were studied. Smaller establishments were omitted because they furnished insufficient employment in the occupations studied to warrant their inclusion.

Among the industries in which characteristic jobs were studied, minimum size of establishment and extent of the area covered were determined separately for each industry (see following table). Although size limits frequently varied from those established for surveying cross-industry office and plant jobs, data for these jobs were included only for firms meeting the size requirements of the broad industry divisions.

A greater proportion of large than of small establishments was studied in order to maximize the number of workers surveyed with available resources. Each group of establishments

of a certain size, however, was given its proper weight in the combination of data by industry and occupation.

The earnings information excludes premium pay for overtime and night work. Nonproduction bonuses are also excluded, but cost-of-living bonuses and incentive earnings, including commissions for salespersons, are included. Where weekly hours are reported as for office clerical, they refer to the work schedules (rounded to the nearest half-hour) for which the straight-time salaries are paid; average weekly earnings for these occupations have been rounded to the nearest 50 cents. The number of workers presented refers to the estimated total employment in all establishments within the scope of the study and not to the number actually surveyed. Data are shown for only full-time workers, i.e., those hired to work the establishment's full-time schedule for the given occupational classification.

Information on wage practices refers to all office and plant workers as specified in the individual tables. It is presented in terms of the proportion of all workers employed in offices (or plant departments) that observe the practice in question, except in the section relating to women office workers of the table summarizing scheduled weekly hours. Because of eligibility requirements, the proportion actually receiving the specific benefits may be smaller. The summary of vacation and sick leave plans is limited to formal arrangements. It excludes informal plans whereby time off with pay is granted at the discretion of the employer or other supervisor. Sick leave plans are further limited to those providing full pay for at least some amount of time off without any provision for a waiting period preceding the payment of benefits. These plans also exclude health insurance even though it is paid for by employers. Health insurance is included, however, under tabulation for insurance and pension plans.

ESTABLISHMENTS AND WORKERS IN MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISIONS AND IN SELECTED INDUSTRIES IN JACKSONVILLE, FLA., 1/2 AND NUMBER STUDIED BY THE BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, MAY 1952

	Minimum number	Numb establi	er of shments	Employment			
Item	of workers in establishments	Estimated total		Estimated total	In establishments studied		
	studied 2/	within scope of study	Studied	within scope of study	Total	Office	
Industry divisions in which occupations were surveyed on an area basis							
Il divisions Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public	21 21 21	534 112 422	146 37 109	46,400 13,000 33,400	24,080 8,550 15,530	3,820 500 3,320	
wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services 3/	21 21 21 21 21 21	38 136 141 46 61	15 29 29 15 21	5,500 8,200 11,800 3,500 4,400	3,640 2,080 5,680 1,820 2,310	850 430 530 1,300 210	
Industries in which occupations were surveyed on an industry basis 4/	21	25	9	1,897	1,117	761	

^{1/} Jacksonville Metropolitan Area (Duval County).
2/ Total establishment employment.
3/ Hotels; personal services; business services; automobile repair shops; radio broadcasting and television; motion pictures; nonprofit membership organizations; and engineering and architectural services.

4/ Industries are defined in footnotes to wage tables.

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Assembler (insurance carriers) Bench hand (bakeries) Biller, machine Bindery woman (printing) Bookkinder (printing) Bookkeeper, hand Bookkeeping-machine operator Bricklayer (building construction) Bus operator (local transit) Calculating-machine operator Carpenter (building construction) Carpenter, maintenance Cleaner Clerk, accounting Clerk, accounting (insurance carriers) Clerk, file Clerk, file (insurance carriers) Clerk, file (insurance carriers) Clerk, order Clerk, payroll Compositor, hand (printing) Crane operator, electric bridge Draftsman Electrician (building construction) Electrician, maintenance Engineer, stationary Fireman, stationary Fireman, stationary Fireman, stationary Fireman, stationary Fireman, stationary Fireman, stationary Forman operator Helper (bakeries) Helper, motortruck driver Helper, trades, maintenance Janitor Key-punch operator	9 10 3 10 10 3, 4 3, 4 10 10 4 10 6 7	Mixer (bakeries) Motortruck driver Motortruck driver Murse, industrial (registered) Office boy Office girl Oiler Operator (local transit) Order filler Ovenman (bakeries) Packer Packer (bakeries) Painter (building construction) Painter, maintenance Photoengraver (printing) Plasterer (building construction) Plumber (building construction) Porter Premium acceptor (insurance carriers) Press assistant (printing) Press feeder (printing) Pressman (printing) Receiving clerk Secretary Section head (insurance carriers) Sheet-metal worker, maintenance Shipping-and-receiving clerk Stenographer Stereotyper (printing) Stock handler Switchboard operator Switchboard operator Switchboard operator-receptionist Tabulating-machine operator	Page 10 10 8, 10 6 3 5 7 10 7, 8 10 10 10 10 10 8 5 9 7 8 8 5 10 8 5 5 5
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THE OCCUPATIONAL WAGE SURVEY SERIES

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